

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: >98% Sodium Hexafluorozirconate

Product Code: NA-FZRO6-018

CAS Number: 16925-26-1

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Scientific research and development

Supplier details:

American Elements
10884 Weyburn Ave.
Los Angeles, CA 90024
Tel: +1 310-208-0551
Fax: +1 310-208-0351
Emergency telephone number:
+1 800-424-9300

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314

Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust or mist.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Reacts violently with water.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula : $\text{Na}_2\text{ZrF}_6 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$

Molecular weight : 251.19 g/mol

CAS-No. : 16925-26-1

EC-No. : 240-990-3

Hazardous components

Component Classification Concentration

Sodium hexafluorozirconate

Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1;

H314

<= 100 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric

(HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24

hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to

penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the

effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases.

More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician

is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure.

Absorption can readily

occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination.

Prevention of

absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets

or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias

should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

If inhaled
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

In case of eye contact
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

If swallowed
Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
No data available

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing Vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Do not flush with water.

Keep in suitable,

closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component CAS-No. Value Control

parameters

Basis

Sodium

hexafluorozirconate

16925-26-1 TWA 5.000000

mg/m³

USA. Occupational Exposure Limits

(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air

Contaminants

TWA 5.000000

mg/m³

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Remarks Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

STEL 10.000000

mg/m³

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

TWA 5.000000

mg/m³

USA. NIOSH Recommended

Exposure Limits

ST 10.000000

mg/m³

USA. NIOSH Recommended

Exposure Limits

TWA 5 mg/m³ USA. Occupational Exposure Limits

(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air

Contaminants

TWA 5 mg/m³ USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

STEL 10 mg/m³ USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

(TLV)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

TWA 5 mg/m³ USA. NIOSH Recommended

Exposure Limits

ST 10 mg/m³ USA. NIOSH Recommended

Exposure Limits

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate

government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without

touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after

use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant protective clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the

specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type

N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the

sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and

approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- a) Appearance Form: solid
 - b) Odor No data available
 - c) Odor Threshold No data available
 - d) pH No data available
 - e) Melting point/freezing point
No data available
 - f) Initial boiling point and boiling range
No data available
 - g) Flash point No data available
 - h) Evaporation rate No data available
 - i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available
 - j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits
No data available
 - k) Vapor pressure No data available
 - l) Vapor density 8.67 - (Air = 1.0)
 - m) Relative density No data available
 - n) Water solubility No data available
 - o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/water
No data available
 - p) Auto-ignition temperature
No data available
 - q) Decomposition temperature
No data available
 - r) Viscosity No data available
 - s) Explosive properties No data available
 - t) Oxidizing properties No data available
- ### 9.2 Other safety information
- Relative Vapor density 8.67 - (Air = 1.0)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- ### 10.1 Reactivity
- No data available
- ### 10.2 Chemical stability
- Stable under recommended storage conditions.
- ### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Reacts violently with water.
- ### 10.4 Conditions to avoid
- Exposure to moisture
- ### 10.5 Incompatible materials
- Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Sodium oxides, Zirconium oxides

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

No data available

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Salivation, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Vomiting, Fever, Rapid respiration, Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels

possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia., Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper

respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the

bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste

disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a

chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hexafluorozirconate)

Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-A

Proper shipping name: TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Sodium hexafluorozirconate)

IATA

UN number: 3288 Class: 6.1 Packing group: III

Proper shipping name: Toxic solid, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hexafluorozirconate)

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De

Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Sodium hexafluorozirconate

CAS-No.

16925-26-1

Revision Date

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Sodium hexafluorozirconate

CAS-No.

16925-26-1

Revision Date

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. American Elements shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale. COPYRIGHT 1997-2022 AMERICAN ELEMENTS. LICENSED GRANTED TO MAKE UNLIMITED PAPER COPIES FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY.